The Standard.

Advertising Rates

for the EVENING STANDARD

Formulated Feb. 1st, 1909.

The Same Price to All

	H	PRICE PER INCH EACH DAY	ER IN	CHE	ACH	DAY,
Advertisement shall run	Ad. to run Every day	Ad. to run E. O. D.	Ad to run Twice week.	Ad, to run Once week	Just One Time.	Circus Rates.
Change each issue hour change Ad, to run three without change. Ad, to run three times without change. Ad to run six times without change.	150 25	210 170 150 150	2883	55 SE	200	5558 5558
Classified want ads one cent per word each day, no first insertion less than Random References. Ze per line first insertion; 20 cents each subsequent insertion; 30 cents each subsequent insertion; 30 cents per line per week, or \$2.00 per line per month with change one each week. Joeal Readers, 15c per line first insertion, 16c per line each subsequent insertion, or 50c per line per week.	ord each day; no first insertion; 20 cents each or \$2.00 per line per month nsertion; 10c per line each sut \$25, and Charitable Institution	lay; Lon; r lin 0c pe	lon; no first insertion less the lon; 20 cents each subsequent change per month with change per line each subsequent insertable Institutions, S 1-3 ce	t Inser s each month ach su	subsection le with becque	ord each day, no first insertion less than or \$2.00 per line per month with change maertion; 10c per line each subsequent insertion; 10c per line each subsequent insertion; 10c per line each subsequent insertion.

DID NOT ENTERTAIN

This paper stated last evening that Joseph Streng entertained a party of gamblers at the Weber club. We have since been informed that the banquet did not occur at the club and we make this apology even before the polls are closed and give the correction more prominence than the original state-

HOW THE TAXPAYERS WILL VOTE.

The taxpayers of Ogden should be the deciding power in this election. By going back a few years in memory, they will recall how the city's floating debt was wiped out by the Glasmann administration and the city's credit reestablished. They also will recall how the rate of taxation in the city was reduced. That should be to them a prompting not to be ignored when they enter the election booth.

AT THE END OF THE CAMPAIGN.

The campaign is virtually closed. Reviewing it, we find that from the first statement of Chas. Smurthwaite to the last word by the Brewer committee in this Morning's Examiner there has been an endless stream of defamation directed at the Republican candidate and his home.

This paper has replied with resentment and the Republican candidate has answered with some vigor, which might not have been politic, but all of which has been clearly within the duty that a man owes himself and his family.

COLORADO RIVER IS AGAIN ON A RAMPAGE.

The lower Colorado has always been an erratic stream, with occasional radical changes of course. The accident of a tree or two lodged in the wrong place might start a bar which in time might form an effectual barrier compelling the steam to break through its natural levees and cut out an entirely new course to the Gulf of California, says the San Francisco Chronicle. So long as the stream flowed through an uninhabited desert nobody paid much attention to its changes or threatened changes. Now that there has come to be extensive settlement and costly improvements in large districts lying far below the bed of the stream, the behavior of the river has become a matter of serious international importance. an opening were once made at a time when the river is in full flood, control would be impossible.

It is reported that the river has

broken from its course in Mexican territory about twenty miles below Yuma and is inundating land but a few miles south of the main Imperial canal, which, however, is protected by a levee constructed some distance below in anticipation of such a contingency. The bed of the river at the point where it has broken through must be about 180 feet above sea level. Volcano lake, in Mexico, toward which the stream is now tending, is but about twenty-four feet above sea level, making a fall of approximately 150 feet in not exceeding fifteen miles to the twenty-four-foot contour. From there the slope is steadily north to the Salton sea, whose surface, in April, 1907, before the break at the Imperial intake was stopped, was 198 feet below sea level, the bed being, of course much deeper. The present problem is to keep the vagrant waters from flowing back from the Mexican break into United States territory. It is evidently quite possible, considering the nature of the country, but it may be found expensive to obtain absolute security. The investments, however, are so great that no money should be spared to make trouble impossible. There has been no trouble at the old break, where permanent headworks are now being installed which are expected to monthly Bulletin of late recoveries.



THE REPUBLICAN CITY TICKET

FOR MAYOR, WILLIAM GLASMANN. FOR RECORDER, CARL ALLISON.

FOR AUDITOR, FLORENCE O. STANFORD.

FOR TREASURER, THOS. B. FARR. FOR ATTORNEY,

J. H. DE VINE. FOR MUNICIPAL JUDGE J. D. MURPHY.

FOR COUNCILMAN 1ST WARD, JOHN AUSTIN. FOR COUNCILMAN 2ND WARD,

J. H. LARSON. FOR COUNCILMAN 3RD WARD, J. J. BARKER.

FOR COUNCILMAN 4TH WARD, PARLEY T. MOYES. FOR COUNCILMAN 5TH WARD,

Pull the lever at the Beehive and you vote the above ticket and thereby vote for bonesty, economy, the enforcement of the law and a business administration for Ogden City.

G. A. DICKSON.

make that point secure beyond all peradventure. All the protective work must be done in Mexican territory.

FOR WHOM DID YOU

Well, have you voted? Did you vote for an economical administration, or did you vote for a swelling of that big debt which now rests threatening ly upon Ogden? The election is al most a thing of the past, but we are still contending that the future of Ogden is best assured by the election of the man whose record in office stands for economy and yet represents the greatest progress in public improve-

We cannot believe that the result will be other than a victory against the forces of extravagance.

WONDERFUL CHANGES IN FINANCIAL WORLD.

Why are certain European countries accumulating gold in such large quantities? Henry Clews says is exerting many's failure hitherto as a coloniza tremendous influence in finance and

Speculative excesses have been most States, where the rebound from the upon her in this hemisphere. Her late panic was most pronounced. Germany, also, has been enjoying a marked return of business activity, accompanied by more or less specula- cessful colonies, and the protective tive overdoing. It consequently hap- tariffs of other countries interfere with pens that the chief financial centers of the world are now protecting themselves against abnormal conditions; in other words, they are wisely putting on the brakes against speculative enthusiasm, and directing their resources to the requirements of legitimate trade. London and Paris have led in this protective movement, with good reason ald with beneficial results. London was forced to part with about \$33,000,000 gold within a month, of which nearly one-half went to Egypt and the balance to South America and other countries. Nor was this all; much of the new gold coming to London was secured by other institutions than the Bank of England; having ben absorbed by Russia and France, and thus explaining the recent very positive action of the Bank of England's directors.

Just why France and Russia are accumulating gold so inordinately is not exactly understood. In the middle of October the Bank of France held 144 .-000,000 pounds, against 130,000,000 pounds a year ago. Russia held 132,-000,000, against 120,000,000 pounds a year ago. On the other hand the Bank of England held only 33,000,000

MARKED FOR THE REAPER

About three years ago, Mrs. L. Hetkes, of 819 Kirkham street, Oak-Cal., called at our office with a girl thirteen years old, the latter weak and listless. She stated that she had lost a daughter through kidney disease and the doctors now told her this one was in the same fix and that she could live but a short while

The mother was nearly distracted. We told her that kidney disease was really inflammation of the kidneys and that it was in fact incurable under the old diuretics, all of which were kidney excitants, but that an emollient for kidney intlammation had been dis covered and that the child would probably recover. The mother took the treatment with her.

We skip three years. A few months ago Mrs. Hetkes called with a beautiful young girl, who was the very picture of health. She introduced her as the dying patient of three years ago, and told us to refer anybody in the world to her. She stated the recovery was complete about the eleventh week.

For the only emollient for inflammation of the kidneys, the world has ever seen, ask for Fulton's Renal Compound. Literature mailed free. JOHN J. FULTON CO.

San Francisco, Cal. WM. DRIVER & SON DRUG CO. Are our sole agents. Ask for bi-



pounds a year ago, and Germany 34. 000,000, compared with 40,000,000 pounds a year ago. The reason why France should be carrying 14,000,000 pounds more than a year ago at a time of comparative financial ease in Paris is not easy to determine. There is a strong presumption that present political and social unrest in Europe is at the bottom of this policy of the Bank of France. Not only the Socialistic agitation, the Spanish war and the Turkish revolution have caused a feeling of timidity, but there are less lack of confidence in the distant future, Germany is a great power, and is rapidly growing. Her population is fully 20,000,000 larger than in 1882, and is rapidly turning from agriculture to industry. In 1882 Germany had about 19,000,000 engaged in agriculture, while in 1907 the numbers so employed had fallen to 17,000,000. Meanwhile the number mployed in manufacturing had arisen from 16,000,-000 in 1882 to 26,000,000 in 1907. So great a development of industry implies the urgent necessity for foreign markets. Fortunately Germany's foreign commerce is showing tremendous strides. In 1882 her imports were only \$737,000,000. In 1907 they had risen to \$2,082,000,000. As to her exports, in 1882 these amounted to only \$770,-000,000, while in 1907 they had jumped to \$1,631,000,000. This extraordinary economic development fully explains Germany's present aggressive attitude born of necessity. Doubtless her statesmen profess peaceable intentions and will sincerely follow them as far as possible, for no one will accuse Germany of being so foolhardy as to really desire a war from which she would have little to gain and much to lose. Nevertheless, Germany's economic necessities are serious. To her foreign markets are a prime necessity, and will become more so with the rapid development that Germany is likely to experience during the next decade. The difficulty lies in Gering nation. She has no possessions of great value in other parts of the world; no strategic position of comnoticeable, as usual, in the United mercial importance. We shut the door

commerce is growing and needs the protection of a strong navy, but she lacks coaling stations as well as sucher commercial progress, which under existing conditions should keep pace with her industrial evolution: The great bankers of Europe are fully aware of the significance of these conditions, and they would be lacking in prudence if they did not seek to protect themselves accordingly. It is probably just such tendencies as these hoarding of gold.

FREEDOM OF SPEECH

(Continued from Page One.)

instead of pursuing the orderly course of appeal, not only the courts but government itself would become erless and society would be reduced to a state of anarchy."

The action of the supreme court of

the District of Columbia, in sentencing Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison to twelve, nine and six months' imprisonment in jail respectively, was the result of the failure of these three defendants to obey the order of the court directing them to desist from placing the Bucks Stove & Range company of St. Louis on their "unfair list in the prosecution of their boycott against the corporation. While the name of the corporation was removed from the unfair list of the Federation, Messrs, Gompers and Mitchell contin ued to keep alive the boycott by frequent reference to it in the Federationist, official organ of the Feder-

Mitchell was involved in the trouble by reason of his membership on the executive board of the Federation and because it was alleged he had made no effort to prevent the adoption of a resolution at the convention of the United Mine Workers of America in antagonisia to the Bucks Stove & Range company.

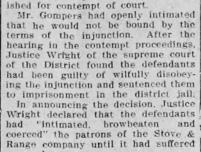
The result of the boycott, it was said, was to cause a decline in the business of the stove and range company of fifty per cent.

The boycott placed by the Federation against the products of the Bucks company grew out of a fight made by the Metal Polishers' union and supported by the Federation for an eight instead of a nine-hour day. This was resisted by the company and the Federationist published the name of the Buck Stove & Range company under the caption of "We don't pat ronize.

The proceedings against the officers of the Federation were begun August 19, 1907, by the Stove & Range company. After a comprehensive hear-ing, Justice Gould of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, is sued a temporary injunction restraining the defendants from prosecuting a boycott on the business and products of the Bucks company. Later this injunction was made permanent. On the appeal of the case to the cour of appeals of the District of Columbia, Alton B. Parker of New York appeared as one of the counsel for the Fed-

eration of Labor References to the Bucks Stove & tute.

in the Federationist and in speeches and writings of the defendants, and the company had Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison cited to appear and show why they should not be pun-



severe loss. Pending an appeal, the three de fendants were allowed to give bail for their re-appearance.

Last March the court of appeals modified the decree granted by supreme court of the District of Columbia by adding to the injunction the words "in furtherance of said boy-

The modification was looked upon by attorneys for the defendants as materially affecting the proceedings for contempt. They claimed that had those words appeared in the original injunction, the contempt proceedings never would have been decided against them.

When the decision was rendered neither the labor leaders nor their counsel were present. As forecasted Gompers in a recent issue of the deep-seated apprehensions regarding Federationist, an attempt will be the future policy which cause more or made to appeal the case of the Unitsupreme court

The right of appeal, however, is a matter of controversy. Some attor-neys hold that as this decision finds the contempt to have been a criminal offense, the court of appeals would have the last say in the matter as it has of all criminal cases in the Dis Others, however, contend that, as the constitutional right of free speech and liberty of the press is involved, the labor leaders may prosecute an appeal.

No action will be taken towards the arrest of the men until the matter of the appeal has been determined

Chief Justice Sheppard, in his dis senting opinion, held to the view that the decree should be reversed because he was convinced the lower court was without authority to make the only order which the defendants could be said to have disobeyed. The chief justice says:

"As regards the decision that this proceeding must be regarded as criminal solely, and, in consequence, that the evidence on which the convic tion rests can be considered because not presented in a bill of exceptions, reserved on hearing, I will content myself with saying that I am not clearly convinced that it must be so regarded

"I have heretofore expressed the opinion that much of the injunction order was null and void because opposed to constitutional provision concerning freedom of speech and of the Subsequent reflection has con-

"I concede that the court hat jurisdiction of the subject matter of the controversy and of the parties, but I cannot agree that the decree was rendered in accordance with the power of the court-a power limited by express provision of the constitution. Frank Morrison, the only one of the defendants now in Washington, while disappointed over the adverse decision of the court, declared he found much consolation in the dissenting opinion of the chief justice.

GOMPER'S STATEMENT.

New York, Nov. 2 .- President Gompers issued the following statement in regard to the decision today in the Bucks Stove & Range company case: With all due respect to the ma jority of the court, I cannot surrender constitutionally guaranteed rights because a judge will issue an injunction invading and denying these

"Chief Justice Sheppard's dissenting opinion is in defense of the con-stitutional and inherent rights. Minority opinions of courts in the past when human rights were invaded, which induce the present European the law of the land and the generally accepted rule of life, and I have an

Orrine Does Cure DRUNKENNESS

This is a positive fact known to tens of thousands of wives and mothers of this land. They know Orrine is a reliable remedy for the cure of drunkenness, because it has restored their loved ones to lives of sobriety Everyone of these and usefulness. women bought Orrine with full confidence that it would effect a cure or their money would be refunded to them if it failed. This guarantee is in each box. No other remedy for the cure of drunkennes is sold with this liberal guarantee, but Orrine has been so uniformly successful that the makers want the buyers to know that they have full protection if it fail in any instance. should never publish letters of patients but recently this letter came to us from Dr. Nolte, 8th and Race streets, Philadelphia, Pa. Read it and you will readily appreciate why Orrine is so well thought of:

I have had a remarkable case of nebriacy under my personal obser-vation. The patient drank heavily for fifteen years and reached a de-graded condition, which caused the breaking up of his family and separa-tion from his wife. Every hope was given up of ever saving the man from his strong desire for drink, and only a mother's interest finally persuaded im to voluntarily take treatment for his diseased condition. It was my pleasure to recommend Orrine, your liquor habit cure, and the treatment was taken faithfully. This was two ears ago and the patient is now in healthy condition and still abstains from the use of stimulants. I have sold Orrine for a number of years and have always found it to be satisfac I believe you have an excepionally good treatment for this dis-

Orrine is prepared in two forms. No. 1, a powder, absolutely tasteless and colorless, given secretly in food or drink. Orrine No. 2, in pill form, is for those who wish to cure themselves. Orrine costs only \$1 a box. The guarantee is in each box. Write The guarantee is in each box. for Free Orrine Booklet (mailed in plain sealed envelope) to Orrine Co. 991 Orrine Building, Washington, D. C. Orrine is for sale in this city by Badcon's Pharmay, 2421 Washington. They know Orrine is a reliable and efficacious remedy for drunkenness and they will not offer you a substi-

Range company continued to appear abiding faith that the rule in this 10 o'clock the pall of fog began to rise will prove no exception. "If I must go to jail, I shall have the consciousness of the fact that other men have in the past been compelled to suffer in defense of justice and right in the cause of hu manity and for the maintenance of human liberty.

Gompers said an appeal probably would be taken to the United States 'We will fight to the last ditch,' Gompers added, "and then beyond

ECZEMA LODGES IN THE SKIN

Not a Blood Disease-Cured by Oil of Wintergreen Compound.

posed to be a blood disease and was erroneously treated as such, but now the best authorities agree that ecze-ma is only a skin disease and must be cured through the skin. The eminent skin specialist, Dr. D. D. Dennis, first discovered the eczema germ and his discovery was quickly taken up in both Germany and France.

To kill the eczema germ and at the same time heal the skin, Dr. Dennis compounded oil of wintergreen, thy mol, glycerine, etc. The remedy is a liquid, not a mere salve, hence it sinks right into the pores of the skin. Washing with this oil of wintergreen compound seems to take the itch away at once; soon the scales drop away and the disease disappears. The prescription has now been used so long as to have proven its absolute merit and we do not hesitate to express our confidence in D. D. D. Prescription. Culley Drug Co.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS OF WORLD'S MARKETS

Cattle—Receipts estimated at 12,000-Market steady, 10c lower; beeves \$3. 90a9.00; Texas steers \$3.75a4.85; western steers \$4.25a7.40; stockers and feeders \$3.00a5.00; cows and helfers \$2.00a5.65; calves \$6.25a8.

Hogs-Receipts estimated at 18,000. Market 5c lower; light \$7.20a7.70; mixed \$7.30a7.90; heavy \$7.25a7.45; rough \$7.25a7.45; good to choice heavy \$7.45a7.95; pigs \$5.50a7.35; bulk of sales \$7.65a7.85.

Sheep-Receipts estimated at 20, 000; market strong; native \$2.50a4. 65; western \$2.60a4.65; yearlings \$4 lambs, native, \$4.25a7.00; 50a5.50: western \$4,50a6.90.

Kansas City Livestock

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 2.—Cattle— Receipts 18,000; market steady to 10c lower. Native steers \$4.50a8.50; native cows and heifers \$2.25a5.25; stockers and feeders \$3 00a5.25; bulls \$2.75a3.60; calves \$3.50a6.25; western steers \$3.80a5.50; western cows

Hogs—Receipts 18,000; market 5c lower. Bulk of sales \$7.35a7.70; heavy \$7.65a7.80; packers and butchers \$7.50a7.75; light \$7.20a7.60; pigs

Sheep—Receipts 10,000; market teady. Muttons \$3,90a4.75; lambs steady \$5.75a6.90; range wethers and yearings \$4.00a5.00; range ewes \$3.25a

Chicago Close. Chicago, Nov. 2.—Close: Wheat-Dec. \$1.04a1-8; May \$1.03 3-4; July

Corn-Nov. 59 3-4; Dec. 58 5-8; May 60 3-4; July 60 1-4. Oats-Dec. 39 3-8a1-2; May 41 7-8a 42; July 39 1-2a5-8.

Pork-Jan. \$19.62 1-2; May \$19.22 1-2: July \$19.25. Lard-Nov. \$12.00a12.02 1-2; Jan. \$11.42 1-2; May \$11.10a11.12 1-2. Ribs—Jan. \$10.12 1-2; May \$10.

07 1-2. -Cash 76 1-2a78; Dec. 73; May 77 1-2a78.

Barley-Cash 52a65. Timothy-Nov. 83.75; March \$4.10

BIG MONEY BEING BET

(Continued from Page One.)

finish in this order: Gaynor, Bannard and Hearst. \$600 to \$100 that Hearst will be defeated.

\$2,000 to \$5,000 that Gaynor loses. \$2,000 to \$800 that Gaynor wins. \$6,000 to \$5,000 that Bannard beats Hearst

\$7,500 to \$5,500 that Hearst will not finish one, two. In closing the campaign, all three party headquarters claimed victory

The Republicans claimed Bannard's election by 50,000 plurality; Hearst's managers claimed success by 100,000, and the Demorcats declared "a sweeping victory for Gaynor.

ELECTION IN KENTUCKY

(Continued from Page One.)

posed to be in that vicinity. The situation in Jackson is peaceful.

ELECTION IN SALT LAKE.

Salt Lake City, Nov. 2.-Municipal elections are being held today in all the incorporated towns of Utah. While the issues in each city are peculiarly local, considerable general interest is taken in the result in this city, where there are three tickets in the field-Rpublican, Democratic and American The latter party, distinguished as anti-Mormon, is at present in control of the city government, and its ticket is headed by John R. Bransford, the in-cumbent, for the mayoralty position. A partial fusion was effected be-

tween the Democrats and Republicans, but they have separate candidates for mayor, J. D. Murdoch being the Republican nominee and S. W. R. Wallace the Democratic.

MARYLAND ELECTS LEGISLATURE

Baltimore, Nov. 2.-The chief issue of the election in Maryland is the proposed amendment to the state constitution designed to disfranchise the

The incoming legislature will elect a United States senator, to succeed Senator Rayner. Weather cloudy and

HEAVY VOTE EXPECTED.

San Francisco, Nov. 2.-Election day dawned with the heaviest fog of the year enveloping the city, but in spite of the delayed street car service, the early vote was heavy. Most of these early ballots were cast by laboring men on their way to work. At WANT ADS BRING BIG RESULTS.

and the voting became lively in the outlying residence districts. It is expected that the total will be unusually heavy, as all the candidtes are making extraordinary efforts to get their adherents to the polls.

CINCINNATI CITY ELECTION.

Cincinnati, Nov. 2.—In practically every city and village in Ohio the polls opened today for municipal elections General interest is displayed in the fight being waged in Cincinnati by the Democratic party to wrest control of the city from the Republicans. Governor Harmon has taken an active

part in the campaign.

John Wald Peck, a young lawyer, is the Democratic nominee, and his op-ponent is Dr. Louis Schwab. The fight s being made on the issue of city axation, which the Democrats claim s excessive.

In Akron, Springfield, Zenesville and a few other places the liquor question has been raised as a secondary issue. The principal point, however, has been

In Cleveland, where Mayor Tom Johnson is again a candidate for reelection, apathy has marked the campaign. His opponent, Herman C. Baehr, has endeavored to revive the street car issue, but Mayor Johnson has ignored it.

In Toledo, Brand Whitlock is making a bid for a third term, but there, as elsewhere, the campaign has developed no striking features. The weather here is cloudy and cool.

PITTSBURG'S BOND ISSUE.

Pittsburg. Nov. 2.-Brisk voting characterized the first few There is little interest in the state of county tickets; the attention of the voters being occupied with a bond issue of \$6,775,000 to be used for public improvements.

OMAHA ELECTION.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 2 -Little interest was shown today in the election in Omaha and its suburbs. The Socialist party has for its candidate for sheriff a striking street car employe

Father Kills His Wife and Daughter and Then Himself.

Pottsville, Pa., Nov. Schocke, a butcher of Pine Grove, last night cut off the heads of his wife and twelveyear-old daughter and then com mitted suicide by shoting himself.

The discovery was made today when neighbors, who became suspicious that something was wrong, broke open the front door. They found Schocke lying on the first floor and the bodies of the wife and little girl in a bed on the second floor. A large butcher knife on the floor showed how the murders had been committed.

Schocke had covered the bodies with bed clothing and, after writing a note telling what he had done he downstairs and shot himself through the head. Death in his case was in stantaneous.

Schocke was 55 years of age. He was of a rather peculiar disposition, and several times failed in business but his relatives came to his assist ance each time and gave him a new star

Last evening he took his lodge books to the home of a relative along with other possessions, indicating that he premeditated the murders

PROMINENT MAN FOUND GUILTY AT TIMBER TRIAL

San Francisco, Calif., Nov. 1 .- Dr. G. W. Dwinelle, a prominent business Northern California and man of Republican presidential elector at the last election was found guilty tonight of making fradulent entry of timber lands by a jury in the federal court. John Gilpin, jointly charged with Dr. Dwinnelle, was also convicted but Rex Defer, the third defendant was found not guilty. Dr Dwinelle and Gilpin will be sentenced Wednesday morning when attorneys for the defendants' assert will be tak-

en.
The specific charges against the three defendants were that certain entrymen on government lands had been induced to file their entries after agreeing to turn the land over to Dwinelle, Gilpin and Defer.

Witnesses in the case were Fred, Samuel, Benjamin and James French, Clarence M. Prather and Arthur Jac quette. They testified that they had entered on lands after the defendants could agree to pay all ex-penses and a fixed sum. The defense brought many witnesses to the stand in the effort to shake their credibility.

MAYBRAY GANG OF SWINDLERS EXAMINED IN SAN FRANCISCO

San Francisco, Nov. 1 .- E. C. Moore, R. B. Herriman and Frank Brown, alleged members of the Maybray gang of race track swindlers and fake prize fight promoters, who were arrested at San Jose in September were ex-amined before United States Commissioner E. C. Heacock today and held to answer before the United States district court at Omaha. Bonds for the accused men were placed at \$15 .-000 each. Being unable to raise the necessary ball they were remanded to the Alameda county jail.

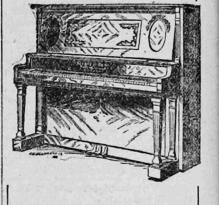
COUNTERFEITER IS CAUGHT IN RENO, NEVADA

Reno, Nev., Nov. 2.-It developed last night that Walter L. Grant, ar-rested a few days ago by the local police, is a counterfeiter who has been service men for som time. H. N. Mofchief of the secret service, district of California, arrived in Reno and took Grant into custody. Seven hundred dollars in bad money was found on Grant's person when the arrest was made.

PLANNING TO BOYCOTT CHINESE.

Amoy, China, Nov. 1 .- Pekin Chinese are attempting to bring about an anti-Japanese boycott in Amov.

Four Hundred Satisfied and Pleased Customers in less Than 2 Years is Our Unprecedented Record



THE STEGER & SONS PIANO

WITH ITS EXQUISITE TONE, ITS ARTISTIC CASE DESIGNS AND THE SUPE-RIOR WORKMANSHIP AND CRITICAL CARE IN SELECT. ING THE MATERIAL HAS PLACED US IN A POSITION TO GIVE THE BUYING PUB-LIC A PIANO OF THE VERY HIGHEST CHARACTER AT A PRICE REASONABLE AND ON TERMS THAT DO NOT PROHIBIT THE PURCHASE OF THE BEST TO PEOPLE OF MODEST INCOME.

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Co. 141.

CALL AND SEE OUR COM-PLETE LINE, HEAR THE TONE, LEARN OUR MORE THAN LIBERAL TERMS AND PRICES.

YOUR NAME WILL BE ADDED TO OUR LIST OF CUSTOMERS.

GLEN BROS. PIANO CO.

2560 Washington Ave. Ogden, Utah



THAT PLEASED

EXPRESSION comes naturally to all our customers when they see how well we have laundered their linens and cleaned and pressed their suits, party dresses, If you are not already one of our customers let us send for your

OGDEN STEAM LAUNDRY CO. Launderers and Dry Cleaners. 7 25th St. Phones 174. 437 25th St.



The Morse That Wouldn't Eat Our grain doesn't live. Try him our grain and hay and you will him suddenly acquire an appetite that he hasn't had for a long while.

CHARLES F. GROUT, 352 24th St.